West Haymarket Joint Public Agency

(A Component Unit of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska) Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

August 31, 2017



West Haymarket Joint Public Agency

(A Component Unit of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska) August 31, 2017

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Representatives West Haymarket Joint Public Agency Lincoln, Nebraska

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the West Haymarket Joint Public Agency (the Agency) (a component unit of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the West Haymarket Joint Public Agency as of August 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2018, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKD,LIP

Lincoln, Nebraska January 17, 2018

As management of the West Haymarket Joint Public Agency (the Agency), we offer readers of the Agency's basic financial statements this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the Agency as of and for the year ended August 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the basic financial statements.

The West Haymarket Joint Public Agency was organized as a joint public agency on April 2, 2010, created by a Joint Public Agency Agreement entered into between the City of Lincoln, Nebraska and the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska. The Agency is a component unit of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska.

Overview of Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Agency's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Agency's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Agency's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flow changes only in future fiscal periods.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Agency, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Agency maintains one governmental fund - the Project Fund.

The Agency is not required by the Nebraska State Budget Act to adopt an annual budget, therefore, a budgetary comparison has not been provided in the basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Agency's financial position. In the case of the West Haymarket Joint Public Agency, as of August 31, 2017, net position was \$1,460,717. The Agency's condensed financial information as of August 31, 2017 and 2016 is found below.

	2017	2016
Assets		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 30,111,402	\$ 28,706,704
Other current assets	11,829,039	11,273,581
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	303,202,220	308,079,833
Total assets	345,142,661	348,060,118
Liabilities		
Unearned revenue	7,929,290	8,199,176
Other liabilities	4,310,100	5,170,065
Long-term liabilities	331,442,554	331,997,272
Total liabilities	343,681,944	345,366,513
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	(26,792,866)	(21,575,676)
Restricted by enabling legislation	1,592,747	1,559,594
Restricted for improvements	-	83,333
Unrestricted	26,660,836	22,626,354
Total net position	\$ 1,460,717	\$ 2,693,605

Condensed Statements of Net Position

Total assets remained relatively consistent from 2016 to 2017, with a slight decrease primarily due to the depreciation of capital assets. Additionally, total liabilities decreased from 2016 to 2017, primarily as a result of a decrease in accounts payable from 2016 to 2017 and scheduled debt service payments made during 2017.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

	2017	2016
Revenues		
Occupation taxes	\$ 16,680,921	\$ 16,413,943
Intergovernmental	3,799,577	3,661,643
Suite and premium seating revenue	2,478,308	2,493,905
Investment income	469,409	459,849
Capital contributions	573,167	500,000
Other program revenues	5,294,208	4,735,631
Total revenues	29,295,590	28,264,971
Expenses		
General government	8,813,189	6,533,356
Culture and recreation	5,278,063	5,240,699
Debt service	16,223,407	16,238,421
Capital outlay	11,159	4,472
Total expenses	30,325,818	28,016,948
Transfers to City of Lincoln	(202,660)	(260,540)
Change in Net Position	(1,232,888)	(12,517)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	2,693,605	2,706,122
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,460,717	\$ 2,693,605

Condensed Statements of Activities

Pinnacle Bank Arena, constructed by the Agency within the West Haymarket area, officially opened in September 2013. Thus, 2017 represents the fourth full year of activity for the Agency, while Pinnacle Bank Arena has been in operation. Other program revenues increased from 2016 to 2017, as a result of the Agency receiving an additional \$325,722 in parking revenues related to the increased popularity of the Haymarket area.

During 2017, the Agency authorized a \$2 million payment to the Lincoln Parks and Recreation Foundation (Foundation) to establish the WHJPA Endowment Fund (Fund), to be maintained and administered by the Foundation. The Foundation will use assets from the Fund to pay for capital improvement projects, major repairs and replacements, and extraordinary maintenance obligations of the West Haymarket area enhanced landscape and streetscape features, including the public right-of-way and park property within the West Haymarket area. This payment was included within general government expenses in the Agency's financial statements.

Capital Assets

The Agency's investment in capital assets as of August 31, 2017 amounts to \$303,202,220.

Additional information on the Agency's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At August 31, 2017, the Agency had total bonded debt outstanding of \$326,545,000, which was used to fund a portion of the Agency's construction costs. Additional information on the Agency's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Occupation Taxes

Beginning January 1, 2011, occupation taxes were imposed within the City of Lincoln at a rate of 2% on bar and restaurant revenues and a rate of 4% on car rental and hotel revenues. This tax revenue is generated to finance the activities of the Agency and is pledged to repayment of any outstanding Agency bonds.

Financial Analysis of the Agency's Funds

The Agency has one governmental fund, the Project Fund. The Project Fund is considered a major fund and is used to account for the Agency's general operations, construction, and debt activities. Activity during the year ended August 31, 2017, resulted in an increase in fund balance of \$3,103,718, resulting in a total fund balance at August 31, 2017 of \$32,026,868. The fund balance is a result of the issuance of bonds in prior years, occupation tax and donation revenue, less the Agency's expenditures for construction, debt service and general operations.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Agency's finances for all those with an interest in the Agency. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Lincoln Finance Department, 555 South 10th Street, Lincoln, NE 68508.

West Haymarket Joint Public Agency

(A Component Unit of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska) Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position August 31, 2017

	Project Fund	Adjustments (Note 1)	Statement of Net Position
Assets			
Cash	\$ 62,336	\$ -	\$ 62,336
Equity in pooled cash and investments	30,111,402	-	30,111,402
Investments	4,790,619	-	4,790,619
Occupation taxes receivable	1,592,747	-	1,592,747
Accounts receivable	431,231	-	431,231
Interest receivable	182,498	-	182,498
Due from other governments	758,929	-	758,929
Prepaid expenses	317,671	-	317,671
Assets held for resale	3,693,008	-	3,693,008
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$20,710,404		303,202,220	303,202,220
Total assets	41,940,441	303,202,220	345,142,661
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	60,580	-	60,580
Interest payable	-	3,379,623	3,379,623
Due to other City funds	370,971	-	370,971
Due to other governments	315,926	-	315,926
Security deposits	183,000	-	183,000
Unearned revenue	7,929,290	-	7,929,290
Long-term liabilities			
Payable within one year	-	565,000	565,000
Payable in more than one year		330,877,554	330,877,554
Total liabilities	8,859,767	334,822,177	343,681,944
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenues	1,053,806	(1,053,806)	
Fund Balance/Net Position Fund Balance			
Nonspendable	317,671	(317,671)	-
Restricted for capital projects	1,447,467	(1,447,467)	-
Restricted by enabling legislation	1,592,747	(1,592,747)	-
Assigned for debt service	28,668,983	(28,668,983)	
Total fund balance	32,026,868	(32,026,868)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 41,940,441		
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		(26,792,866)	(26,792,866)
Restricted by enabling legislation		1,592,747	1,592,747
Unrestricted		26,660,836	26,660,836
Total net position		\$ 1,460,717	\$ 1,460,717
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West Haymarket Joint Public Agency

(A Component Unit of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska) Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities Year Ended August 31, 2017

Project Adjustments Statement of Fund Activities (Note 1) **Expenditures/Expenses** General government \$ 60,739 \$ 8,813,189 \$ 8,752,450 Culture and recreation 5,278,063 5,278,063 Debt service 16,781,562 (558, 155)16,223,407 Capital outlay 461,793 (450,634) 11,159 Total expenditures/expenses 25,995,805 4,330,013 30,325,818 **Program Revenues** Naming rights and sponsorship revenue 1,339,503 (19,587)1,319,916 Suite and premium seating revenue 2,478,308 2,478,308 Parking facility revenue 2,261,393 2,261,393 Charges for services 1,288,211 1,288,211 Facility lease and other rent revenue 427,605 427,605 Capital contributions 156,500 573,167 416,667 Total program revenues 8,211,687 136,913 8,348,600 **General Revenues** 16,680,921 Occupation taxes 16,680,921 Intergovernmental 3,797,138 2,439 3,799,577 Investment income 469,409 469,409 (145,945) Sale of assets 143,028 (2,917) 21,090,496 (143, 506)20,946,990 Total general revenues **Other Financing Uses** Transfers to City of Lincoln (202,660)(202,660)Revenues in excess of expenditures and other financing uses 3,103,718 (3,103,718)**Change in Net Position** _ (1,232,888)(1,232,888)**Fund Balance/Net Position Beginning of Year** 28,923,150 (26, 229, 545)2,693,605 **End of Year** 32,026,868 \$ (30,566,151) \$ 1,460,717 \$

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

The West Haymarket Joint Public Agency (the Agency) was organized as a joint public agency under the Nebraska Joint Public Agency Act on April 2, 2010, to facilitate land acquisition, relocation of existing businesses, environmental remediation, site preparation and the construction, equipping, furnishing and financing of public facilities including, but not limited to, a sports/entertainment arena, roads, streets, sidewalks, a pedestrian overpass, public plaza space, sanitary sewer mains, water mains, electric transmission lines, drainage systems, flood control, parking garages and surface parking lots (collectively considered the West Haymarket Development Project or Project) for the benefit of residents of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska (the City). The Agency was created pursuant to a Joint Public Agency Agreement entered into between the City and the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska.

Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present the financial activities of the Agency. The Agency follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining the governmental activities, organizations, and functions that should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The Agency is not financially accountable for any other organization. Under current GASB pronouncements, the Agency has been determined to be a component unit of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska – the primary government. As such, the Agency's financial results are included in the City of Lincoln, Nebraska's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the Agency's financial activities. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue which are reported as general revenues.

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Continued

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the total economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, the operating statement presents increases and decreases in current assets, net and unreserved fund balance is a measure of available spendable resources. This means that only current liabilities are generally included on the governmental fund balance sheet.

The statement of net position does not equal the governmental funds balance sheet at August 31, 2017, due to net capital assets, unavailable revenues and bond principal and interest that are not payable from available spendable resources in the statement of net position.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined; available means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available if collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred and is expected to be paid from available spendable resources.

Occupation taxes and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Agency are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of the Project Fund are accounted for with a set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in the Project Fund based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The major fund presented in the accompanying basic financial statements is the Project Fund. The Project Fund is the Agency's only fund and is used to account for general government operational activities.

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and other changes in net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deposits and Investments

The Agency participates in a cash management pool managed by the City. The pool consists of bank deposits and investments. Cash balances in excess of current requirements are invested along with cash from other City funds and interest earned on these investments is allocated monthly to the various funds by the City Treasurer on a pro rata basis of using aggregate quarterly balances. The Agency's interest in the pool is shown as equity in pooled cash and investments in the statement of net position. Fair value of the equity in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares determined using the fair value of the pool's underlying investment portfolio.

The Agency may invest in certificates of deposit, in time deposits, and in any securities in which the state investment officer is authorized to invest pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act and as provided in the authorized investment guidelines of the Nebraska Investment Council in effect on the date the investment is made. The Agency's investments in Tax Increment Financing investments are valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

Investment income includes interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

Occupation Taxes

Beginning January 1, 2011, occupation taxes were imposed within the City of Lincoln at a rate of 2% on bar and restaurant revenues and a rate of 4% on car rental and hotel revenues. As stated in the related ordinance, occupation taxes, less any administrative expenses, shall be used to fund expenditures of the Agency.

Capital Assets

Arena and infrastructure planning, design and construction costs are capitalized on the governmentwide financial statements. At August 31, 2017, certain arena and infrastructure assets were inservice, and are being depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 25-50 years.

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -Continued

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is primarily comprised of advance payments received for various arena suites, loge boxes and club seats and the arena naming rights. Revenue for these agreements will be recognized when the term of the related agreements commences on September 1, 2017.

Fund Balance Classification

Fund balances are shown only in the governmental fund financial statements. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-Type Definitions*, fund balance is required to be classified into four components – nonspendable, restricted, committed and/or assigned. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual restraints.

Restricted - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes as stipulated by constitution; external resource providers, such as donors or creditors; or through enabling legislation.

Committed - includes fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Agency's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned - includes fund balance amounts that are not classified as either nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in more than one category of fund balance are available for use, it is the Agency's policy to use the restricted amounts first, followed by the committed and assigned amounts.

Net Position Classification

Net position is required to be classified into three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -Continued

Net Position Classification - Continued

Net investment in capital assets - consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if any, or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted - consists of restricted assets, reduced by liabilities related to those assets, with constraints placed on their use either by a) external groups such as creditors (such as through debt covenants), contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - consists of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the net investment in capital assets or restricted components of net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as they are needed.

Adjustments Column

The adjustments column on the governmental fund balance sheet/statement of net position represents the recording of certain assets and liabilities as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

The adjustments column on the governmental fund balance sheet/statement of net position is comprised of the following as of August 31, 2017:

Amounts reported for the Project Fund are different from the

statement of net position because of	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 303,202,220
Interest payable	(3,379,623)
Deferred revenue	1,053,806
Long-term liabilities	(331,442,554)
Total adjustment amount	\$ (30,566,151)

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -Continued

Adjustments Column - Continued

The adjustments column on the statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance/statement of activities is comprised of the following for the year ended August 31, 2017:

Amounts reported for the Project Fund are different from the

statement of activities because of	
Capital outlay	\$ 450,634
Capital contribution	156,500
Sale of capital assets	(145,945)
Depreciation expense	(5,338,802)
Debt service	558,155
Change in deferred revenue	 (17,148)
Total adjustment amount	\$ (4,336,606)

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Return

Deposits

State statutes require banks either to provide a bond or to pledge government securities to the City Treasurer in the amount of the City's deposits. The Agency has been allocated a portion of the City's pooled cash and investments. The City's cash deposits, including certificates of deposit, are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Any cash deposits or certificates of deposit in excess of FDIC limits are covered by collateral held in a Federal Reserve pledge account or by an agent for the City and thus no custodial credit risk exists. No legal opinion has been obtained regarding the enforceability of any of the collateral arrangements.

Investments

The Agency generally follows the investment policy adopted by the City Council and utilized by the City Treasurer. The Agency may legally invest in U.S. government securities and agencies, U.S. government sponsored agencies, and in bank repurchase agreements. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds, bankers' acceptances and investment agreements.

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Return - Continued

At August 31, 2017, the Agency had the following investments, maturities and credit ratings:

			Ν	/laturities		
	Fair		(in Years)		Credit Ratings	
Туре		Value	Mo	ore than 10	Moody's/ S&P	
Tax Increment Financing Investments	\$	4,790,619	\$	4,790,619	Not rated	

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investment securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair values of a government's financial instruments or a government's cash flows. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits current operating funds to be invested with maturities of no longer than twenty-four months. Fixed income investments held in construction funds, operating funds, and other nonoperating funds are limited to ten-year maturities. Tax Increment Financing investments are allowed to exceed 10 years as the interest rates are guaranteed by the fund and the investment is made within the City's funds.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy establishes requirements for certain investment securities to be rated at certain rates or higher without having collateral pledged to the City. The following investment types must be rated at the minimum rates noted below:

	<u> </u>	Moody's
Money Market Accounts	AA	Aa
Corporate Notes	AA-	Aa3
Investment Agreements	AA-	Aa3

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Return - Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with the amount of investments the Agency has with any one issuer that exceeds 5% or more of its total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are excluded from this requirement. At August 31, 2017, the Agency's investments were comprised entirely of Tax Increment Financing investments.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments are as follows:

Cash	\$ 62,336
Investments	4,790,619
Equity in pooled cash and investments	30,111,402
	\$ 34,964,357

Investment Income

Investment income, consisting of interest income and fair market value adjustments, was \$469,409 for the year ended August 31, 2017.

Note 3: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Note 3: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities - Continued

Investments

The only investments held by the Agency at August 31, 2017 are Tax Increment Financing investments, which are valued by the Agency on a recurring basis using discounted cash flow techniques, and are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy at August 31, 2017.

Note 4: Capital Assets

As of August 31, 2017, the Agency's capital assets consisted of the following:

Depreciable assets, net of depreciation	
Buildings and improvements	\$233,153,017
Machinery and equipment	380,236
Total depreciable assets, net of depreciation	233,533,253
Nondepreciable assets	
Construction in progress	8,186
Land	69,660,781
Total capital assets, net	\$ 303,202,220

Note 4: Capital Assets - Continued

Capital asset activity for 2017 was:

	 Beginning Balance	Additions	Re	ductions	Tra	ansfers	Ending Balance
Buildings and improvements	\$ 253,340,966	\$ 468,236	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 253,809,202
Land	69,685,624	121,102		(145,945)		-	69,660,781
Machinery and equipment	424,845	9,610		-		-	434,455
Construction in progress	 -	 8,186		-		-	 8,186
Total capital assets	323,451,435	607,134		(145,945)		-	323,912,624
Less accumulated depreciation	 (15,371,602)	 (5,338,802)		-		-	 (20,710,404)
Capital assets, net	\$ 308,079,833	\$ (4,731,668)	\$	(145,945)	\$	-	\$ 303,202,220

Note 5: Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for 2017 was:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable Unamortized bond premium	\$ 327,095,000 4,902,272	\$ - -	\$ 550,000 4,718	\$ 326,545,000 	\$ 565,000
Net bonds payable	\$ 331,997,272	\$ -	\$ 554,718	\$ 331,442,554	\$ 565,000

In September 2010, the Agency issued \$100,000,000 in General Obligation Facility Bonds, Taxable Series 2010A. Semi-annual interest payments began in December 2010. Annual principal payments begin in December 2020 at amounts that range from \$2,440,000 to \$5,855,000 with the final maturity in December 2045. The bonds are Build America Bonds and, as such, the Agency has elected to receive a federal subsidy of 35 percent from the United States Department of Treasury (Treasury) for a portion of the interest payable on the bonds. The interest rates on the bonds range from 3.50 to 5.00 percent prior to the federal subsidy. The federal subsidy reduces the true interest cost to approximately 3.20 percent.

Note 5: Long-term Liabilities - Continued

In December 2010, the Agency issued \$67,965,000 in General Obligation Facility Bonds, Taxable Series 2010B. Semi-annual interest payments began in June 2011. Annual principal payments begin in December 2020 at amounts that range from \$2,440,000 to \$4,650,000 with the final maturity in December 2039. The bonds are direct pay Build America Bonds, with a federal subsidy of 35 percent from the Treasury for a portion of the interest payable on the bonds. The interest rates on the bonds range from 4.00 to 6.00 percent prior to the federal subsidy. The federal subsidy reduces the true interest cost to approximately 3.73 percent.

In December 2010, the Agency issued \$32,035,000 in General Obligation Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, Taxable Series 2010C. Semi-annual interest payments began in June 2011. Annual principal payments begin in December 2040 at amounts that range from \$4,865,000 to \$5,855,000 with the final maturity in December 2045. The bonds are direct pay General Obligation Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, with a federal subsidy of 45 percent from the Treasury for a portion of the interest payable on the bonds. The interest rate on the bonds is 6.75 percent prior to the federal subsidy. The federal subsidy reduces the true interest cost to approximately 3.79 percent.

In August 2011, the Agency issued \$100,000,000 in General Obligation Facility Bonds, Series 2011. Semi-annual interest payments began in December 2011. Annual principal payments begin in December 2021 at amounts that range from \$3,115,000 to \$6,660,000 with the final maturity in December 2042. The interest rates on the bonds range from 3.50 to 5.00 percent.

In December 2013, the Agency issued \$28,175,000 in General Obligation Facility Bonds, Series 2013. Semi-annual interest payments began in June 2014. Annual principal payments began in December 2014 at amounts that range from \$540,000 to \$1,595,000 with the final maturity in December 2043. The interest rates on the bonds range from 2.00 to 5.00 percent.

The Series 2010A, 2010B and 2010C bonds are callable at the option of the Agency in whole or in part at any time. The Series 2011 bonds are callable at the option of the Agency in whole or in part at any time on or after December 15, 2021. The Series 2013 bonds are callable at the option of the Agency in whole or in part at any time on or after December 15, 2023.

All bonds were issued to provide a portion of the funds necessary to pay the costs of constructing, equipping, furnishing, and financing the development of the West Haymarket facilities. The full faith and credit and the taxing powers of the City are pledged for the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds.

Note 5: Long-term Liabilities - Continued

Years Ending		• • • •	Interest	Net	_	Total
August 31	Principal	Interest	Subsidy	Interest		ebt Service
2018	\$ 565,000	\$ 16,212,420	\$ (3,642,859)	\$ 12,569,561	\$	13,134,561
2019	580,000	16,192,345	(3,900,278)	12,292,067		12,872,067
2020	605,000	16,168,645	(3,900,278)	12,268,367		12,873,367
2021	5,510,000	16,052,445	(3,868,253)	12,184,192		17,694,192
2022	8,790,000	15,756,205	(3,801,966)	11,954,239		20,744,239
2023-2027	48,165,000	72,504,358	(17,834,798)	54,669,560		102,834,560
2028-2032	56,915,000	60,716,966	(15,367,894)	45,349,072		102,264,072
2033-2037	68,400,000	46,051,348	(12,143,848)	33,907,500		102,307,500
2038-2042	82,950,000	26,876,409	(7,989,237)	18,887,172		101,837,172
2043-2046	 54,065,000	 5,634,862	 (2,170,173)	3,464,689		57,529,689
	\$ 326,545,000	\$ 292,166,003	\$ (74,619,584)	\$ 217,546,419	\$	544,091,419

Annual requirements to pay principal and interest to maturity on outstanding debt is as follow:

The Series 2010A, 2010B and 2010C bonds were issued as direct pay Build America Bonds and General Obligation Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds, respectively, in accordance with the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, which allows the Agency to receive a U.S. Treasury subsidy equal to 35% and 45%, respectively, of the amount of interest payable on those bonds. Pursuant to the requirements of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, refund payments to certain state and local government filers claiming refundable credits under section 6341 of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to certain qualified bonds are subject to sequestration. The refund payments processed on or after October 1, 2017 and on or before September 30, 2018 will be reduced by the fiscal year 2018 sequestration rate of 6.6%.

The interest subsidy is reflected in the table above as the Agency expects to receive these payments throughout the term of the related Bonds. Future subsidy payments are contingent on federal regulations and are subject to change. The subsidy is reflected as intergovernmental revenue in the Statement of Activities.

Note 6: Lease Agreements

West Haymarket Station Lease

In 2012, the Agency entered into a lease agreement with AMTRAK for the lease and use of West Haymarket Station ("Station"). The lease provides for a thirty-five year term, with the Agency receiving monthly payments of \$2,990, adjusted annually for inflation using the Consumer Price Index. Income from the lease totaled \$38,700 during 2017 and is included in facility lease and other rent revenue on the statement of activities. Under the Second Amended and Restated Facilities Agreement (see Note 9), the Agency has contracted with the City for the City to undertake the maintenance, operation, and management of the Station.

Arena Lease and Operating Agreement

The Agency has entered into a Lease and Operating Agreement with the Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska ("UNL") as of October 2011. The agreement is for the lease of the basketball space and other defined leased improvements within the sports/entertainment arena, for a term of 30 years commencing on September 1, 2013, with the option to extend the term for three additional periods of five years each. Under the terms of the agreement, UNL is to pay an annual lease payment to the Agency, which is initially \$750,000 and is adjusted for inflation on an annual basis beginning September 1, 2014. The agreement also provides for credits against this lease payment for the annual amount of turnback sales tax receipts the City receives from the sale of UNL basketball tickets, and a provision for lost concession revenue in an amount equal to \$300,000, which is adjusted for inflation on an annual basis beginning September 1, 2017 was approximately \$312,000.

The Agreement also provides for UNL to receive a portion of the revenues related to certain premium seating arrangements at the Arena, based on seating type. The Agency paid approximately \$315,000 to UNL during 2017 for revenue sharing for premium seating. The suite and premium seating revenues shown in the statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance/statement of activities are shown net of amounts owed to UNL under this provision of the Agreement.

Note 7: Contractual Arrangements

Naming Rights and Premium Seating

The Agency has entered into a Title Sponsorship Agreement with Pinnacle Bank for the exclusive naming rights for the sports/entertainment arena through August 2038. The agreement called for Pinnacle Bank to make annual payments of \$280,000 through fiscal year 2023, when the payments increased to \$563,333 annually. The agreement also provided Pinnacle Bank with the opportunity to pay a discounted amount by making a prepayment to the Agency. Pinnacle Bank has exercised this option and has made prepayments to the Agency totaling approximately \$6,700,000. This amount is included in unearned revenue on the balance sheet at August 31, 2017 and will be recognized as revenue on a pro-rata basis over the remaining term of the agreement.

The Agency has entered into agreements with individuals and businesses for various premium seating arrangements. The agreements require an initial security deposit and annual installments from the individuals and businesses, with the option of prepayment, and have terms ranging between five and ten years. As of August 31, 2017, amounts collected by the Agency for premium seating arrangements for future years totaled approximately \$1,800,000, with approximately \$690,000 remaining to be collected for the contract period beginning September 1, 2017. The amount already collected is included in unearned revenue on the balance sheet and will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year to which the payment relates.

The Agency's future collections under the premium seating agreements are as follows:

Annual Contract Period Beginning September 1,	
2018	\$ 2,489,577
2019	1,955,812
2020	1,936,147
2021	1,812,813
2022	1,795,325
Thereafter	1,802,983
	\$ 11,792,657

Note 7: Contractual Arrangements - Continued

Advertising and Sponsorship Agreement

The Agency has entered into an agreement with IMG College, LLC ("IMG") which grants IMG the exclusive advertising and sponsorship rights at the sports/entertainment arena, for the period of September 1, 2013 through June 30, 2021. The agreement requires IMG to make guaranteed annual payments to the Agency, and 50% of any gross collected cash revenue in excess of the revenue sharing threshold, as outlined in the agreement. Two payments totaling \$1,061,208 were received from IMG for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2017. The contracted schedule of remaining guaranteed annual payments and the revenue sharing threshold is shown below:

Annual Contract Period Beginning September 1,	Guaranteed Rights Fee	Revenue Sharing Threshold		
2017	\$ 1,082,432	\$ 1,922,416		
2018	1,104,081	1,964,864		
2019	1,126,162	2,008,162		
2020	1,148,686	2,052,325		
	\$ 4,461,361	\$ 7,947,767		

Note 8: Risk Management

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss, including liability, property, pollution, errors and omissions, and workers' compensation. The Agency has had no claims or judgments exceeding the policy limits.

Note 9: Related Party Transactions

City of Lincoln (City)

The City provides certain administrative services to the Agency for which the Agency pays fees to the City. These fees amounted to approximately \$575,000 for the year ended August 31, 2017. These charges are recorded as general government expenses in the statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and statement of activities.

During 2014, the Agency entered into a second Amended and Restated Facilities Agreement with the City, which clarified the responsibilities for operation and maintenance of certain infrastructure assets within the West Haymarket Development Project. With the exception of certain infrastructure assets, the agreement details that ownership of arena project assets, including the related parking facilities, will remain with the Agency until such time as no associated bonds are outstanding, at which time these assets will be conveyed to the City for the sum of one dollar and other good and valuable consideration.

During 2013, the Agency entered into a Parking Garage Management Agreement with the City for the operation, management and maintenance of three parking garages constructed by the Agency within the West Haymarket Development Project. Under the agreement, the Agency made payments totaling approximately \$1,550,000 during fiscal year 2017 for the operation and maintenance of the Agency's parking garages.

As discussed in Note 1, the Agency is invested in the City of Lincoln, Nebraska's pooled cash and investment management system.

University of Nebraska (UNL)

During 2017, the Agency made payments totaling approximately \$265,000 to UNL for UNL Men's and Women's basketball tickets, for seating in suites reserved for the City and Agency, for the 2016-2017 and 2017-2018 basketball seasons. Payments for tickets for the 2017-2018 basketball season are recorded as prepaid expenses on the balance sheet/statement of net position at August 31, 2017.

Note 10: Commitments

Environmental Matters

In connection with the West Haymarket Development Project, the Agency is involved with the clean-up and remediation of several development sites relating to soil and groundwater contamination. This clean-up and remediation is performed as sites are developed, as the Agency has not been designated as a potentially responsible party (PRP or equivalent status) by any regulatory agency requiring the immediate clean-up of impacted areas. Although future costs may be incurred, it is not possible at this time to reasonably estimate the amount of any obligation for remediation activities because of uncertainties with respect to assessing the extent of the contamination or the applicable regulatory requirements. No liability has been recorded for potential future remediation activities as of August 31, 2017.

Capital Commitments

As of August 31, 2017, the Agency has contracted commitments in the approximate amount of \$163,000 for future site development, equipment and other asset acquisition costs.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Representatives West Haymarket Joint Public Agency Lincoln, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the West Haymarket Joint Public Agency (the Agency) (a component unit of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the West Haymarket Joint Public Agency is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting (internal control). In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Agency's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKDLLP

Lincoln, Nebraska January 17, 2018