Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements
August 31, 2017 and 2016



August 31, 2017 and 2016

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Solid Waste Management Fund City of Lincoln, Nebraska

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Solid Waste Management Fund of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska, as of and for the years ended August 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Solid Waste Management Fund of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Solid Waste Management Fund of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska, as of August 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Solid Waste Management Fund are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska, that is attributable to the transactions of the Solid Waste Management Fund. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska, as of August 31, 2017 and 2016, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Lincoln, Nebraska February 15, 2018

BKD, LLP

Statements of Net Position August 31, 2017 and 2016

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

	2017	2016
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91,218	\$ 105,643
Equity in pooled cash and investments Accounts receivable	4,420,162 1,732,833	3,640,581 2,077,594
Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable	28,676	10,610
Due from other City funds, net	6,696	7,579
Due from other governments	8,634	4,318
Total current assets	6,288,219	5,846,325
Noncurrent Assets		
Equity in pooled cash and investments Restricted assets	2,533,066	1,974,584
Equity in pooled cash and investments	1,905,345	3,852,363
Accrued interest receivable	7,927	10,032
Total restricted assets	1,913,272	3,862,395
Capital Assets, Net	30,469,432	29,988,581
Total noncurrent assets	34,915,770	35,825,560
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred cost of refunded debt	21,158	26,447
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	41,225,147	41,698,332
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	836,989	958,325
Accrued liabilities	95,995	131,444
Accrued compensated absences	137,954	124,628
Due to other governments	75,320	88,451
Accrued interest payable	30,573	31,848
Current portion of long-term debt	810,000	795,000
Total current liabilities	1,986,831	2,129,696
Noncurrent Liabilities	21 004 500	20 401 000
Accrued closure/post-closure care costs	21,894,500	20,491,000
Long-term debt, net Other accrued liabilities	10,534,959 223,923	11,392,787 183,261
Total noncurrent liabilities	32,653,382	32,067,048
Total liabilities	34,640,213	34,196,744
Net Position	20.512.402	21.015.004
Net investment in capital assets	20,512,403	21,015,904
Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted	32,181 (13,959,650)	29,478 (13,543,794)
Total net position	\$ 6,584,934	\$ 7,501,588

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended August 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Operating Revenues		
Fees	\$ 7,847,225	\$ 7,248,947
Other	1,046,515	848,941
Total operating revenues	8,893,740	8,097,888
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	3,168,016	2,884,252
Operation and maintenance	4,825,067	3,611,401
Depreciation	2,147,310	2,154,144
Estimated closure and post-closure care costs	1,403,500	2,917,000
Total operating expenses	11,543,893	11,566,797
Operating loss	(2,650,153)	(3,468,909)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Occupation tax	3,729,059	4,194,442
Investment income	74,422	79,082
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(1,404,762)	16,486
Interest expense	(184,540)	(192,245)
Other	95,435	15,077
Net nonoperating revenues	2,309,614	4,112,842
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses		
Before Contributions and Transfers	(340,539)	643,933
Capital Contributions	112,100	212,500
Transfers Out to Other City Funds, Net	(688,215)	(1,400,827)
Decrease in Net Position	(916,654)	(544,394)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	7,501,588	8,045,982
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 6,584,934	\$ 7,501,588

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended August 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 7,939,932	\$ 7,106,818
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(4,838,167)	(3,458,795)
Payments to employees	(3,128,051)	(2,808,325)
Other receipts	1,107,327	642,419
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,081,041	1,482,117
Noncapital Financing Activities		
Occupation tax receipts	3,915,221	3,878,941
Transfers to other funds, net	(1,467,207)	(1,400,827)
Grant proceeds		15,077
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	2,448,014	2,493,191
Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchases of capital assets	(3,950,715)	(4,517,896)
Capital contributions	778,992	212,500
Insurance proceeds	95,435	-
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	43,810	61,525
Principal payments of long-term debt	(795,000)	(775,000)
Interest and fiscal charges paid on long-term debt	(383,418)	(397,833)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(4,210,896)	(5,416,704)
Investing Activities		
Purchases of investments	(7,245,687)	(8,089,475)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	7,759,773	9,627,656
Interest and other receipts	63,387	52,174
Net cash provided by investing activities	577,473	1,590,355
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(104,368)	148,959
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	500,651	351,692
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 396,283	\$ 500,651

Statements of Cash Flows - Continued Years Ended August 31, 2017 and 2016

The table below summarizes the amount of cash and cash equivalents included within each financial statement line item caption on the Statements of Net Position:

Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statements of Net Position	 2017	2016
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91,218	\$ 105,643
Equity in pooled cash and investments - current	241,077	234,559
Equity in pooled cash and investments - restricted	 63,988	 160,449
	\$ 396,283	\$ 500,651
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$ (2,650,153)	\$ (3,468,909)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	2,147,310	2,154,144
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	158,599	(360,978)
Due from other City funds, net	883	3,568
Due to/from other governments, net	(17,447)	19,829
Accounts payable	19,810	161,368
Accrued liabilities	(22,139)	43,389
Accrued compensated absences	40,678	12,706
Closure/post-closure care costs	 1,403,500	 2,917,000
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,081,041	\$ 1,482,117
Supplemental Cash Flows Information		
Payables incurred for acquisition of capital assets	\$ 493,305	\$ 634,451
Contribution of capital assets	\$ 112,100	\$ -
Change in fair value of investments	\$ (4,927)	\$ 19,566
Capitalized interest included in capital asset additions	\$ 155,064	\$ 158,957

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Nature of Operations

The Solid Waste Management Fund (the "Fund") is an enterprise fund of the City of Lincoln, Nebraska (the "City") that is used to account for operations related to the management of solid wastes generated within the City of Lincoln and Lancaster County.

The solid waste operation facilities are owned by the City, and operated under the direction of the Mayor and the City Council. The authority to adopt the annual budget, to incur debt and to establish fees, rates and charges are vested in the City Council by the City charter.

The financial statements present only the Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of August 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

The Fund first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and other changes in net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Deposits and Investments

The City Treasurer is responsible for the safekeeping of cash and investments of the Fund. The City is authorized to invest in certificates of deposit, time deposits, and any securities in which the State investment officer is authorized to invest pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act and as provided in the authorized investment guidelines of the Nebraska Investment Council in effect on the date the investment is made. Cash balances in excess of current requirements are invested along with cash from other City funds and the interest earned on these investments is allocated monthly to the various funds by the City Treasurer on a pro rata basis of using aggregate quarterly balances.

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Fund considers cash on hand and in the bank, as well as cash and equity in pooled cash and investments held by the City Treasurer, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have original maturities of three months or less, to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Fund participates in a cash management pool managed by the City. The pool consists of bank deposits and investments. The Fund's interest in this pool is shown as equity in pooled cash and investments in the statements of net position. Fair value of the equity in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares determined using the fair value of the pool's underlying investment portfolio.

Investments are carried at fair value. Investment income includes interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at amounts billed to customers and include both fees and occupation taxes. Monthly statements are issued for accounts receivable, which are due on the last day of the month. Accounts unpaid by the due date are assessed a late fee of 1% monthly. Management does not believe an allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary at August 31, 2017 and 2016. At August 31, 2017 and 2016, approximately 45% of accounts receivable were owed from two customers.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Capital Assets

The cost of additions and replacements to land, buildings, improvements other than buildings and equipment in service is capitalized. Cost includes acquisition price, negotiation and appraisal services and payments to contractors. The cost of land, buildings, improvements and equipment along with the related accumulated depreciation is removed from the books at time of disposal and a gain or loss is recognized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to current expenses. Depreciation expense is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation expense recognized on contributed assets is charged to operations in accordance with similar capital assets.

Estimated Useful Lives

Buildings 10 - 25 years Improvements other than buildings 10 - 25 years Machinery and equipment 5 - 10 years

The Fund capitalizes interest costs as a component of construction in progress, based on interest costs of the borrowing specifically for the project, net of interest earned on investments acquired with the proceeds of the borrowing. During 2017 and 2016, the System incurred \$339,604 and \$351,202 of interest cost, respectively. Interest capitalized into construction in progress during 2017 and 2016 was \$155,064 and \$158,957, respectively. Capitalized interest is added to the cost of the underlying assets and is amortized over the useful lives of the assets.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation days at a variable rate based on years of service. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation time up to a maximum allowed accumulation. Employees earn sick leave at the rate of approximately one day per month. Upon retirement, an employee is reimbursed for one-half or up to 65% of accumulated sick leave. In some cases payment may be placed in a medical spending account rather than reimbursing the employee directly.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as the benefits are earned if the leave is attributable to past service and it is probable that the Fund will compensate the employees for such benefits. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as the benefits are earned only to the extent it is probable that the Fund will compensate the employees for such benefits through cash payments conditioned on the employee's termination or retirement. Such accruals are based on current salary rates and include salary-related payments directly and incrementally associated with payments made for compensated absences on termination.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Fund recorded a liability for the annual required contribution (ARC) of approximately \$143,000 and \$130,000 as of August 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, in connection with GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. The complete disclosures required by GASB 45 are included in the City of Lincoln Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

Net Position

Net position is required to be classified into three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted - This component of net position consists of restrictions placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), contributors or law or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

As an enterprise fund, the Fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include all fees charged for the disposal of solid waste less occupation tax, and other revenues including those from the sale of recyclable materials and rental of property. Operating expenses include personnel costs, the cost of materials and services for operation and maintenance, depreciation on capital assets and closure and post-closure care costs.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses - Continued

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Occupation tax, investment income, interest expense and gain/loss on disposal of assets are classified as nonoperating revenues or expenses.

As detailed in the table below, fund revenue is generated by a fee for refuse disposed of in the City's municipal solid waste landfill; an occupation tax for refuse collected within the corporate limits of the City of Lincoln by a refuse hauler, and on refuse collected outside the corporate limits of the City of Lincoln by a refuse hauler and disposed of in the City's municipal solid waste landfill; other fees authorized by the City Council; and nonoperating revenues.

	2017		2016	
Landfill refuse fee (including special wastes), per ton Occupation tax, per ton	\$	20.75 11.00	\$	17.75 11.00

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Return

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fund has been allocated a portion of the City's pooled cash and investments. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State Statutes 15-846 and 15-847 R.R.S., 1943 require banks either to provide a bond, provide a Federal Home Loan Bank letter of credit, or to pledge government securities (types of which are specifically identified in the Statutes) to the City Treasurer in the amount of the City's deposits. The Statutes allow pledged securities to be reduced by the amount of the deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The City's cash deposits, including certificates of deposit, are insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. Any cash deposits or certificates of deposit in excess of the \$250,000 FDIC limits are covered by collateral held in a Federal Reserve pledge account or by an agent for the City, or a letter of credit issued by the Federal Reserve Bank, and thus no custodial credit risk exists. No legal opinion has been obtained regarding the enforceability of any of the collateral arrangements.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Return - Continued

The carrying values of deposits and investments are included in the statements of net position as follows:

	2017	2016
Carrying value		
Deposits	\$ 91,218	\$ 105,643
Equity in pooled cash and investments	8,858,573	9,467,528
	\$ 8,949,791	\$ 9,573,171
Included in the following statements of net position captions:		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 91,218	\$ 105,643
Equity in pooled cash and investments	4,420,162	3,640,581
Noncurrent Assets		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	2,533,066	1,974,584
Equity in pooled cash and investments - restricted	1,905,345	3,852,363
	\$ 8,949,791	\$ 9,573,171

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 3: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,540,452	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,540,452
Construction in progress	3,261,674	3,542,988	1,448,573		5,356,089
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,802,126	3,542,988	1,448,573		6,896,541
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	2,076,504	-	-	-	2,076,504
Improvements other than buildings	41,211,522	-	-	-	41,211,522
Machinery and equipment	10,079,837	533,746	193,445		10,420,138
Total capital assets, being depreciated	53,367,863	533,746	193,445		53,708,164
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	1,556,510	53,208	-	-	1,609,718
Improvements other than buildings	21,995,482	1,531,232	-	-	23,526,714
Machinery and equipment	4,629,416	562,870	193,445	-	4,998,841
Total accumulated depreciation	28,181,408	2,147,310	193,445	_	30,135,273
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	25,186,455	(1,613,564)			23,572,891
Capital assets, net	\$ 29,988,581	\$ 1,929,424	\$ 1,448,573	\$ -	\$ 30,469,432

During 2017, the Fund completed construction on a hazardous waste collection facility located near the landfill site. This asset was subsequently transferred to the City of Lincoln/Lancaster County Health Department, as the Health department is responsible for the operation and continuing maintenance of the facility. The transfer of this asset to the Health Department is shown as a decrease in construction in progress in the activity table above.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 3: Capital Assets - Continued

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,540,452	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,540,452
Construction in progress	328,669	3,310,319		(377,314)	3,261,674
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,869,121	3,310,319		(377,314)	4,802,126
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	2,076,504	-	-	-	2,076,504
Improvements other than buildings	40,834,208	-	-	377,314	41,211,522
Machinery and equipment	8,258,869	1,865,674	44,706		10,079,837
Total capital assets, being depreciated	51,169,581	1,865,674	44,706	377,314	53,367,863
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	1,491,514	64,996	-	-	1,556,510
Improvements other than buildings	20,430,320	1,565,162	-	-	21,995,482
Machinery and equipment	4,149,136	523,986	43,706		4,629,416
Total accumulated depreciation	26,070,970	2,154,144	43,706		28,181,408
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	25,098,611	(288,470)	1,000	377,314	25,186,455
Capital assets, net	\$ 26,967,732	\$ 3,021,849	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ 29,988,581

The Fund has commitments under major construction contracts in progress of approximately \$1,264,000 at August 31, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 4: Long-term Obligations

Long-term liability activity for the years ended August 31, 2017 and 2016 was as follows:

			2017		
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds payable					
Revenue bonds, Series 2013	\$ 6,210,000	\$ -	\$ 570,000	\$ 5,640,000	\$ 580,000
Revenue bonds, Series 2015	5,300,000	-	225,000	5,075,000	230,000
Issuance premium	677,787		47,828	629,959	
Net bonds payable	12,187,787	-	842,828	11,344,959	810,000
Other liabilities					
Other accrued liabilities	307,889	178,616	124,628	361,877	137,954
Closure/post-closure care costs	20,491,000	1,403,500		21,894,500	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 32,986,676	\$ 1,582,116	\$ 967,456	\$ 33,601,336	\$ 947,954

			2016		
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds payable					
Revenue bonds, Series 2013	\$ 6,765,000	\$ -	\$ 555,000	\$ 6,210,000	\$ 570,000
Revenue bonds, Series 2015	5,520,000	-	220,000	5,300,000	225,000
Issuance premium	724,407		46,620	677,787	
Net bonds payable	13,009,407	-	821,620	12,187,787	795,000
Other liabilities					
Other accrued liabilities	280,526	140,643	113,280	307,889	124,628
Closure/post-closure care costs	17,574,000	2,917,000		20,491,000	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 30,863,933	\$ 3,057,643	\$ 934,900	\$ 32,986,676	\$ 919,628

Other accrued liabilities include compensated absences and other post-employment benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 4: Long-term Obligations - Continued

During fiscal year 2013, \$8,340,000 of revenue and refunding bonds were issued to refund \$2,800,000 of Series 2006 bonds and finance improvements to the City's solid waste management facilities. Interest rates on the bonds range from .25% to 4.00% and interest is payable semi-annually. Annual principal installments are due August 1, ranging from \$330,000 to \$850,000 through 2029. Series 2013 bonds maturing on or after August 1, 2024 are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City at any time on or after August 1, 2023.

During fiscal year 2015, \$5,520,000 of revenue bonds were issued to finance improvements to the City's solid waste management facilities. Interest rates on the bonds range from 2.00% to 5.00% and interest is payable semi-annually. Annual principal installments are due August 1, ranging from \$220,000 to \$400,000 through 2035. Series 2015 bonds maturing on or after August 1, 2026 are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the City at any time on or after August 1, 2025.

The Fund has pledged future revenues derived from the operation of the municipally owned solid waste management facilities, net of operating and maintenance expenses, to repay the outstanding revenue bonds discussed above. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$13,754,366, with annual payments expected to require 30% of net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net system revenues were \$1,177,096 and \$3,235,931, respectively.

The debt service requirements as of August 31, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 810,000	\$ 366,796	\$ 1,176,796
2019	810,000	348,896	1,158,896
2020	830,000	327,084	1,157,084
2021	850,000	303,284	1,153,284
2022	575,000	269,284	844,284
2023-2027	3,225,000	955,229	4,180,229
2028-2032	2,470,000	390,781	2,860,781
2033-2035	1,145,000	78,012	1,223,012
	\$ 10,715,000	\$ 3,039,366	\$13,754,366

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 5: Risk Management

The Fund participates in the City's self-insurance program administered by the City's Risk Management Division. The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees and the public; or acts of God. The City has a self-insured retention for workers' compensation exposures up to \$800,000 per individual; building and contents exposures up to \$75,000 per occurrence; general liability exposures up to \$250,000 per occurrence; public official's exposures up to \$250,000 per occurrence; auto liability exposures up to \$250,000, and employee long-term disability.

Workers' compensation, general liability, and public official's liability are covered by excess insurance which provides statutory limits above the City's retention. Auto liability is covered by a policy which provides a limit of \$6 million. The Nebraska Political Tort Claims Act limits the City's liability for tort claims to \$1 million per individual and \$5 million per occurrence. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Premium amounts are paid to the Insurance Revolving Fund, including an estimate of the liability for claims incurred but not yet reported as of August 31, 2017 and 2016. The Fund incurred insurance expense of approximately \$57,000 and \$60,000 in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Note 6: Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

The City of Lincoln currently owns and operates both a municipal solid waste landfill and a construction and demolition debris landfill. State and federal laws require the City to close the landfills once capacity is reached and to monitor and maintain the site for thirty subsequent years on the municipal solid waste landfill and five subsequent years on the construction and demolition debris landfill. Although certain closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfills stop accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each statement of net position date.

At August 31, 2017 and 2016, the City had established a closure/post-closure cost liability of \$13,933,000 and \$13,273,000, respectively, for the municipal solid waste landfill which represents the amount of estimated costs reported to date based on the approximately 61% and 59% of landfill capacity used to date, respectively. The remaining estimated liability for these costs is approximately \$8.8 million, which will be recognized as the remaining capacity is used (estimated to be approximately 16 years).

At August 31, 2017 and 2016, the City had established a closure/post-closure cost liability of \$1,333,000 and \$892,000, respectively, for the construction and demolition debris landfill which represents the amount of estimated costs reported to date based on the approximately 69% and 64% of landfill capacity used to date, respectively. The remaining estimated liability for these costs is approximately \$603,000, which will be recognized as the remaining capacity is used (estimated to be approximately 10 years).

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 6: Closure and Post-closure Care Costs - Continued

The estimated costs of closure and post-closure care, as determined by an independent engineering consultant, are subject to changes such as the effects of inflation, revision of laws, changes in technology, actual sequence of landfill development and closure and other variables.

The City of Lincoln also owns a solid waste disposal area which discontinued operations in 1990. Although exempt from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Solid Waste Disposal Criteria issued October 9, 1991, the City still adheres to certain closure and post-closure care requirements under prior legislation, including the construction of final cover, monitoring of groundwater conditions and landfill gas migration and general site maintenance. At August 31, 2017 and 2016, a liability for post-closure care costs is recorded in the amount of \$6,628,500 and \$6,326,000, respectively. If any unanticipated corrective action costs related to landfill gas migration or groundwater contamination are identified through current monitoring procedures, an additional accrued liability will be recorded once these costs can be reasonably estimated. In 2016, the City changed its method for estimating the future post-closure care costs for this solid waste disposal area, which more closely aligns the City's approach to that used for its operational landfills, effective September 1, 2015. The effect of this change in estimate increased operating expenses for estimated landfill closure and post-closure care costs by approximately \$2,150,000 for the year ended August 31, 2016.

Note 7: Pension Plan

Employees are eligible after six months of service and age 19 to be covered under the City's Money Purchase Pension Plan, established by City Ordinance, and administered by an insurance company. Enrollment in the program is mandatory at age 40 with five years of service. Vesting occurs in increments between three and seven years of enrollment in the plan. The Plan is a defined contribution plan requiring employees to contribute at a rate determined by the employees' bargaining unit and date of hire. The City contributes between \$1.29 and \$2.00 for every \$1.00 contributed by employees. Employee forfeitures are used to reduce employer contributions. Employees covered by the Plan may also make voluntary contributions.

	2017	2016
Total payroll	\$ 1,992,018	\$ 1,753,812
Covered payroll	1,890,245	1,696,384
Employee contributions	112,350	99,056
Employee contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	5.94%	5.84%
Employer contributions	\$ 211,479	\$ 192,470
Employer contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.19%	11.35%

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2017 and 2016

Note 8: Related Party Transactions

The City provides certain administrative services to the Fund for which the Fund pays fees to the City. These fees amounted to approximately \$402,000 and \$323,000 for the years ended August 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Amounts due from other City funds for solid waste fees are \$9,428 and \$8,664 as of August 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Amounts due to other City funds for administrative and other services are \$2,732 and \$1,085 as of August 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.